Coast Guard, DOT §173.010

- (e) Progressive flooding. In the design calculations required by §172.225, progressive flooding between spaces connected by pipes, ducts or tunnels must be assumed unless:
- (1) Pipes within the assumed extent of damage are equipped with arrangements such as stop check valves to prevent progressive flooding to other spaces with which they connect; and,
- (2) Progressive flooding through ducts or tunnels is protected against by:
- (i) Retractable inflatable seals to cargo hopper gates; or
- (ii) Guillotine doors in bulkheads in way of the conveyor belt.

# PART 173—SPECIAL RULES PERTAINING TO VESSEL USE

Sec.

#### Subpart A—General

173.001 Applicability.

## Subpart B-Lifting

- 173.005 Specific applicability.
- 173.007 Location of the hook load.
- 173.010 Definitions.
- 173.020 Intact stability standards: Counterballasted and noncounterballasted vessels.
- 173.025 Additional intact stability standards: Counterballasted vessels.

# Subpart C—School Ships

- 173.050 Specific applicability.
- 173.051 Public nautical school ships.
- 173.052 Civilian nautical school ships.
- 173.053 Sailing school vessels.
- 173.054 Watertight subdivision and damage stability standards for new sailing school vessels.
- 173.055 Watertight subdivision and damage stability standards for existing sailing school vessels.
- 173.056 Collision and other watertight bulkheads.
- 173.057 Permitted locations for Class I watertight doors.
- 173.058 Double bottom requirements.
- 173.059 Penetrations and openings in watertight bulkheads.
- 173.060 Openings in the side of a vessel below the bulkhead or weather deck.
- 173.061 Watertight integrity above the margin line.
- 173.062 Drainage of weather deck.
- 173.063 Intact stability requirements.

### Subpart D—Oceanographic Research

- 173.070 Specific applicability.
- 173.075 Subdivision requirements.
- 173.080 Damage stability requirements.
- 173.085 General subdivision requirements.

## Subpart E—Towing

173.090 General.

173.095 Towline pull criterion.

AUTHORITY: 43 U.S.C. 1333; 46 U.S.C. 2113, 3306, 5115; E.O. 12234, 45 FR 58801, 3 CFR, 1980 Comp., p. 277; 49 CFR 1.46.

SOURCE: CGD 79-023, 48 FR 51045, Nov. 4, 1983, unless otherwise noted.

# Subpart A—General

# §173.001 Applicability.

Each vessel that is engaged in one of the following activities must comply with the applicable provisions of this part:

- (a) Lifting.
- (b) Training (schoolship).
- (c) Oceanographic research.
- (d) Towing.

# Subpart B-Lifting

# §173.005 Specific applicability.

This subpart applies to each vessel that—

- (a) Is equipped to lift cargo or other objects; and
- (b) Has a maximum heeling moment due to hook load greater than or equal to—
- (0.67)(W)(GM)(F/B) in meter-metric tons (foot-long tons), where—
- W=displacement of the vessel with the hook load included in metric (long) tons.
- GM=metacentric height with hook load included in meters (feet).
- F=freeboard to the deck edge amidships in meters (feet).

B=beam in meters (feet).

[CGD 79-023, 48 FR 51045, Nov. 4, 1983, as amended by CGD 85-080, 61 FR 945, Jan. 10, 1996]

# § 173.007 Location of the hook load.

When doing the calculations required in this subpart, the hook load must be considered to be located at the head of the crane.

#### § 173.010 Definitions.

As used in this part—